





Emanuele Musicò

Application of Optimal Control and Reinforcement Learning tools to control complex/distributed systems

Tutor: Francesco Lo Iudice co-Tutor: Mario di Bernardo

Cycle: XXXIX Year: 2025



Candidate's information

- MSc degree: Automation and Robotics Engineering
- DIETI Research group: SINCRO Sincronizzazione e Controllo di Reti e Processi
- PhD start date: 01/11/23 PhD end date: 31/10/26
- Scholarship type: PNRR DM 118/2023 Mis. 4.1: Dottorati Pubblica Amministrazione
- Periods abroad: 6/6 month
 Institute of Industrial and Control Engineering, Universitat Politecnica de Catalunya, Barcelona, Spain
- Periods in company 6/6 month
 CNR STEMS, Istituto di Scienze e Tecnologie per l'Energia e la Mobilità
 Sostenibile, Napoli, Italia



Summary of study activities

Ad Hoc PhD Courses / Schools

- I Pilastri della Trasfomrazione Digitale by dr. Francesco Tortorelli;
- Methodologies and Tools for conducting Systematic Literature Reviews and Systematic Mapping Studies by prof. Domenico Amalfitano;
- AI Code Generation: Foundations, Evaluation, and Security by Wendy Luiten and John H. J. Janssen.

Conference Attended

2024 Conference on Decision and Control.

Research Study

- Multi-Agent Proximal Policy Optimization Algorithm;
- Urban Traffic Models;
- Continuification methods for ODEs to PDEs.



Research area(s)

- Optimal control and Reinforcement Learning applications for complex/distributed systems control
 - Energy Systems with Renewable Penetration: Microgrids and Renewable Energy Communities
 - Autonomous Driving Systems: AGVs and Urban Traffic









Research Description

 The overarching goal of my research is to investigate application of both optimal control and reinforcement learning analysing how to exploit and possibly combines the optimal control theory guarantees and the efficiency of deep reinforcement learning tools.

Methodology:

- Searching gaps in the current state-of-art of control theory and RL literature;
- Formalize a control-problem in different real-world scenarios;
- Propose an original application-specific control strategy;
- Investigate both analytically and numerically its performance.



- Research Problem I: Control of the charging profile of a shared battery energy storage system (SBESS) owned by a renewable energy community (REC)
- Goal: Minimizing the cumulative hourly energy bill of the community over an horizon of N days

Results:

- Developed an Optimal Control Strategy that showed statistical significant reduction in the reduction of the cumulative hourly energy bill [P1];
- Proved theoretically that solving N optimization problems is equivalent to solve the original single optimization problem over N days;
- Proved theoretically that by making advantage of the energy tariff some decision variables of the problem can be set to 0 a priori, hence reducing the number of variables.



- Research Problem I: Control of the charging profile of a shared battery energy storage system (SBESS) owned by a renewable energy community (REC)
- Goal: Minimizing the cumulative hourly energy bill of the community over an horizon of N days

Results:

 Reformulated the problem in a convex way demonstrating that our strategy reaches the global optimal solution;

Currently:

 We want to reformulate the problem in a distributed way so that each community member has its own Energy Management System enhancing privacy among members;



- Research Problem II: Optimizing Task Allocation for a Multi AGVs
 System in a warehouse working under Improved Dynamic Resource
 Reservation
- Goal: Maximizing Productivity while minimizing the total travel distace of each AGV and minimizing conflict resolution maneuvers.
- Methodology:
 - Developed a MATLAB simulator of the warehouse working under IDRR;
 - Desing of a Multi-Agent Proximal Policy Optimization Agent and exploiting centralized training and decentralized executing;
 - Fully Distributing the task allocation so that each AGVs can autonomously select the best available task depending on its and the environment state.



- Research Problem II: Optimizing Task Allocation for a Multi AGVs
 System in a warehouse working under Improved Dynamic Resource
 Reservation
- Goal: Maximizing Productivity while minimizing the total travel distace of each AGV and minimizing conflict resolution maneuvers.
- Currently with 7 AGVs and a total of 21 Task to complete:

📊 ANALISI STATISTICA RISULTATI				
METRICA	IDRR	RL	Δ	p-value
Produttività [task/h]	49.52	51.22	+3.43%	0.0122 🔽
Distanza Media AGV [m]	977.44	922.84	-5.59%	0.0000 🔽
Tempo Waiting Medio [s]	228.92	219.50	-4.11%	0.3080
Tempo Resolving Medio [s]	0.96	1.08	+12.38%	0.5013
Conflitti Totali	57.16	54.68	-4.34%	0.1222
Manovre Totali	33.58	32.34	-3.69%	0.2759
Tempo Esecuzione Task [s]	371.85	341.13	-8.26%	0.0000 🔽
Tempo Idle Medio [s]	268.55	288.34	+7.37%	0.1165



Research products

[P1]

E. Musicò, C. Ancona, F. Lo Iudice and L. Glielmo, "An Optimal Control Approach for Enhancing Efficiency in Renewable Energy Communities," in *IEEE Control Systems Letters*, vol. 8, pp. 3039-3044, 2024, doi: 10.1109/LCSYS.2024.3521193.



First Year CFU

	Courses	Seminars	Research	Tutorship	Total
Bimonth 1	0	1.6	8.4	0	10
Bimonth 2	0	2.6	7.4	0	10
Bimonth 3	3	0.8	6.2	0	10
Bimonth 4	3	0	7	0	10
Bimonth 5	0	0	10	0	10
Bimonth 6	3	0	7	0	10
Total	9	5	46	0	60
Expected	10-20	5-10	30-45	0-1.6	45-76.6



Next Year Plan

	Courses	Seminars	Research	Tutorship	Total
Prevision	4	0	56	0	60
Expected	10-20	0-10	40-60	0-1.6	50-91.6



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