





Salvatore Marcellini Control of autonomous drones for navigation and inspection

Tutor: Prof. Vincenzo Lippiello

Cycle: XXXVI

Year: Second



My background

- M.Sc. in Automation Engineering, University of Naples Federico II
- Group: PRISMA Lab
- PhD start date: 1/11/2020
- Scholarship type : Company funded
- Partner company: Leonardo «Leonardo Drone Contest»



Research field of interest

- My research is focused on the control of autonomous drones for navigation and interaction with the environment.
- I participate in the "Leonardo Drone Contest", a contest between six Italian universities for the development of an autonomous drone capable of navigating inside urban-like GPS-denied environments





Research field of interest

- For the interaction with the environment, I work on the control of omnidirectional drones with tilting propellers.
- The tilting mechanism gives to the drone a higher agility and maneuverability





Summary of study activities

- Ad hoc PhD courses:
 - Imprenditorialità accademica
 - Neural Networks and Deep Learning
- Summer School:
 - IEEE RAS Summer school on multirobot system
 CZECH Technical University in Prague
- Conferences:
 - ICRA 2022 workshop: Shared Autonomy in Physical Human-Robot Interaction: Adaptability and Trust
- Events:
 - PX4 Developer Summit



Research activity: Overview

- Problem (of your own research activity) (Describe the problem in as few words as possible. Make it clear why it is important, and for whom)
- Objective

(Describe the solution you foresee for the problem)

Methodology

(Describe the scientific approach to pursue/build and validate the proposed solution)



Problem: area surveillance

The surveillance task is often carried out with cameras that continuously look at some areas of interest, however, the main problem is their placement. An UAV can provide a mobile viewpoint from above with a broader area coverage and redirect the survey to the desired point of interest.





- Objective: a single multirotor UAV in a reconnaissance mission has to fly on a limited map, avoid collisions with obstacles and repeatedly visit some points of interest (POIs). The mission can be, for instance, the research of a moving intruder or gas leaks.
- **Methodology:** the POIs are characterised by their coordinates and a probability related to the application (e.g., the probability of the intruder's presence or gas leak). The probability in each POI must evolve over time and with respect to the position of the scouting UAV.

We utilize a **NMPC** to compute the trajectory to visit alle the POIs

that satisfy the constraints given by the full dynamic model of the UAV, the distance from the obstacles and the evolution of the probabilities of each POI.













Nonlinear Model Predictive Control for Repetitive Area Reconnaissance with a Multirotor Drone

Salvatore Marcellini, Fabio Ruggiero, Vincenzo Lippiello

PRISMA Lab Department of Electrical Engineering and Information Technology University of Naples Federico II www.prisma.unina.it



Research activity: Tilting drones

 Created a custom version of the PX4 autopilot firmware, including the control for a H-shaped tilting drone and omnidirectional tilting drones







Products (if any, otherwise remove)

S. Marcellini, F. Ruggiero, V. Lippiello, "Nonlinear Model Predictive Control for
 Repetitive Area Reconnaissance with a Multirotor Drone", submitted to the 2023
 International Conference on Robotics and Automation, London, GB.

• Tutorship:

[P1]

- "Robotics Lab", course of M.Sc. in Automation Engineering

